AP Precalc

Write your questions and thoughts here!

Polynomial

"Poly" means many, or much. A nonconstant polynomial is a function with many terms in the following form:

```
p(x) = a_n x^n + a_{n-1} x^{n-1} + a_{n-2} x^{n-2} + \dots + a_2 x^2 + a_1 x + a_0
```

where *n* is a positive integer and a_i is a real number for each *i* from 1 to *n*.

Quick example: p(x) =

The leading term is _____ The polynomial has degree ____ The leading coefficient is _____

1. Example from above. What is the degree of the polynomial?

What is the leading coefficient?

Sometimes, the polynomial will **not** be written in standard form. You have to look at the variables LARGEST exponent to find the leading term.

2. $f(x) = 14x^2 + 6x - 2x^6 + 1$ What is the degree of the polynomial?

What is the leading coefficient?

Local (Relative) Extrema (maxima and minima)

If a polynomial switches from increasing to decreasing, there will be

_____, or _____, ____ output value.

If a polynomial switches from decreasing to increasing, there will be

a _____, or _____, ____ output value.

An included endpoint of a polynomial with a restricted domain may also have a local, or relative, extrema.



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Point of Inflection

A point of inflection occurs at input values where the rate of change changes from increasing to decreasing (or vice versa). This occurs when the graph is changing from concave up to concave down (or vice versa).



1.4 Polynomial Functions and Rates of Change

1.4 Practice AP Precalculus Find the leading coefficient and the degree of each polynomial. 3. $f(x) = -5x^7 + 6x^4 - x$ 1. $f(x) = 8x^4 - 4x^3 + 6x^2 + 10$ 2. $f(x) = 8x^2 - 3x$ L.C. ____ Degree: ____ L.C. ___ Degree: ____ L.C. ___ Degree: ____ 4. $f(x) = 3x^4 + 10x^5 - 8x^3 + 1$ 5. $f(x) = 5x^3 - 9x^2 + x^7 - 3x^8$ 6. $f(x) = 9x^6 - 2x^7$ L.C. ____ Degree: ____ L.C. ____ Degree: ____ L.C. Degree: Let f(x) be a polynomial function with the given values. Are there any guaranteed extrema? If so, state where they occur. 7. f(-1) = 0, f(0) = 6, and 8. f(0) = 6, f(3) = 2, f(6) = 0,9. f(-5) = 0, f(0) = 5, and and f(10) = 0. f(5) = 7.f(6) = 0.Is there a global maximum or minimum for each function? 10. $f(x) = 2x^8 - x^3 + x^2 + 6$ 11. $f(x) = -3x^4 + 5x - 1$ 12. $f(x) = 6x^7 + 3x^4 - 4x + 2$ 13. $f(x) = -4x^6 - 10x^2 - 7$

Find the following extrema. If there are none, cross it off and write NONE.

