## 3.15 Rates of Change in Polar Functions

AP Precalculus

1.

Name:

## Use the table of selected values for the polar function $r = f(\theta)$ to answer the following.

θ	0	$\frac{\pi}{4}$	$\frac{\pi}{2}$	$\frac{3\pi}{4}$	π	$\frac{5\pi}{4}$	$\frac{3\pi}{2}$	$\frac{7\pi}{4}$	2π
r	3	-1.24	-3	-1.24	3	7.24	9	7.24	3

- a. Determine the interval(s) where f is increasing.
- b. Determine the interval(s) where f is decreasing.
- c. Are there any extrema on the interval  $0 \le \theta \le \frac{7\pi}{4}$ ? Explain how you know.
- d. Determine the interval(s) where distance between  $f(\theta)$  and the pole is increasing on  $0 \le \theta \le 2\pi$ ? Justify your work.
- e. Determine the interval(s) where distance between  $f(\theta)$  and the pole is decreasing on  $0 \le \theta \le 2\pi$ ? Justify your work.
- f. Find the average rate of change of f between  $\theta = \pi$  and  $\theta = \frac{5\pi}{4}$ .
- g. Estimate the value of  $f\left(\frac{\pi}{3}\right)$  using an average rate of change.

#### Use the polar function $r = f(\theta)$ to fill in the table and answer the questions. Calculator Active.

# 2. $r = f(\theta) = 8\sin(2\theta)$

- a. Is f increasing or decreasing on the interval  $0 \le \theta \le \frac{\pi}{4}$ ?
- b. Is the distance between  $f(\theta)$  and the pole is increasing or decreasing on the interval  $0 \le \theta \le \frac{\pi}{4}$ ?
- c. Find the average rate of change of f between  $\theta = \frac{\pi}{6}$  and  $\theta = \frac{\pi}{4}$ .
- d. Estimate the value of  $f\left(\frac{\pi}{6}\right)$  using an average rate of change.

## Answers to 3.15 CA #1

2.

8 9	(	2)
$f\left(\frac{\pi}{3}\right) \approx -1.82$	27	
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1.

a.  $\left(\frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{3\pi}{2}\right)$ 

b.  $\left(0,\frac{\pi}{2}\right)$  and  $\left(\frac{3\pi}{2},2\pi\right)$ 

to increasing to decreasing

d.  $\left(\pi, \frac{3\pi}{2}\right) r$  is positive and increasing

 $\left(\frac{\pi}{4}, \frac{\pi}{2}\right)$  r is negative and decreasing

e.  $\left(\frac{3\pi}{2}, 2\pi\right) r$  is positive and decreasing

 $\left(\frac{\pi}{2},\frac{3\pi}{4}\right)r$  is negative and increasing

f.  $\frac{16.96}{\pi} \approx 5.398$  units per radian

g.  $y + 3 = -2.24 \left( x - \frac{\pi}{2} \right)$ 

c. at least 2 extrema: changes from decreasing

θ	r
0	0
$\frac{\pi}{6}$	6.928
$\frac{\pi}{4}$	8

- a. increasing
- b. increasing: *r* is positive and increasing
- c.  $\frac{-12.864}{-\pi} \approx 4.09$  units per radian

d. 
$$y - 0 = 10.18(x - 0)$$
  
 $f\left(\frac{\pi}{6}\right) \approx 5.33$ 

θ	r
0	
$\frac{\pi}{6}$	
$\frac{\pi}{4}$	