1.14 Function Model Construction

AP Precalculus

CALCULATOR ACTIVE	Perform the indicated reg	gression and answer the questions.
-------------------	---------------------------	------------------------------------

1. Use Quadratic Regression.

x	1	2	3	4	5	6
f(x)	10	6	5	5.5	6	11

a. Write the equation of the regression curve.

$$f(x) = 0.911x^2 - 6.218x + 15.2$$

b. Use your equation to predict f(2.5).

$$f(2.5) = 0.911(2.5)^2 - 6.218(2.5) + 15.2$$

f(2.5) = 5.349

2. Use Quartic Regression.

a. Write the equation of the regression curve.

x	-6	-4	-2	2	4	6
g(x)	2700	928	80	66	500	2450

- $g(x) = 1.239x^4 + 0.667x^3 + 28.646x^2 47.595x 61.4$
 - b. Use your equation find average rate of change from x = 3 to x = 6.

$$\frac{2434.1 - 171.997}{6 - 3} = \frac{2262.103}{3} = 754.034$$

CALCULATOR ACTIVE Graph the data and choose the regression that best fits the data.

q(3) = 171.997

g(6) = 2434.1

3. The data shows the salary in thousands of dollars for employees given their years experience.

Experience	Salary
(years)	(thousands)
2	48
4	54
5	58
8	68
9	73
12	80
15	88

NORMAL	FLOAT	AUTO	REAL	RADIAN	I MP	Ô
	••	•	. '			

- a. Is the data Linear, Quadratic, or Cubic ?
- b. Write the equation of the regression curve.

f(x) = 3.137x + 42.349

c. Use your equation predict the salary of an employee with 11 years experience.

f(11) = 76.856 thousand dollar salary

4. The data shows poll ratings of a politician over time.

month	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
rating	12	18	25	32	41	37	30	27	35	42	49	56

- a. Is the data Linear, Quadratic, of Cubic?
- b. Write the equation of the regression curve.

 $f(x) = 0.161x^3 - 3.130x^2 + 19.849x - 7.364$

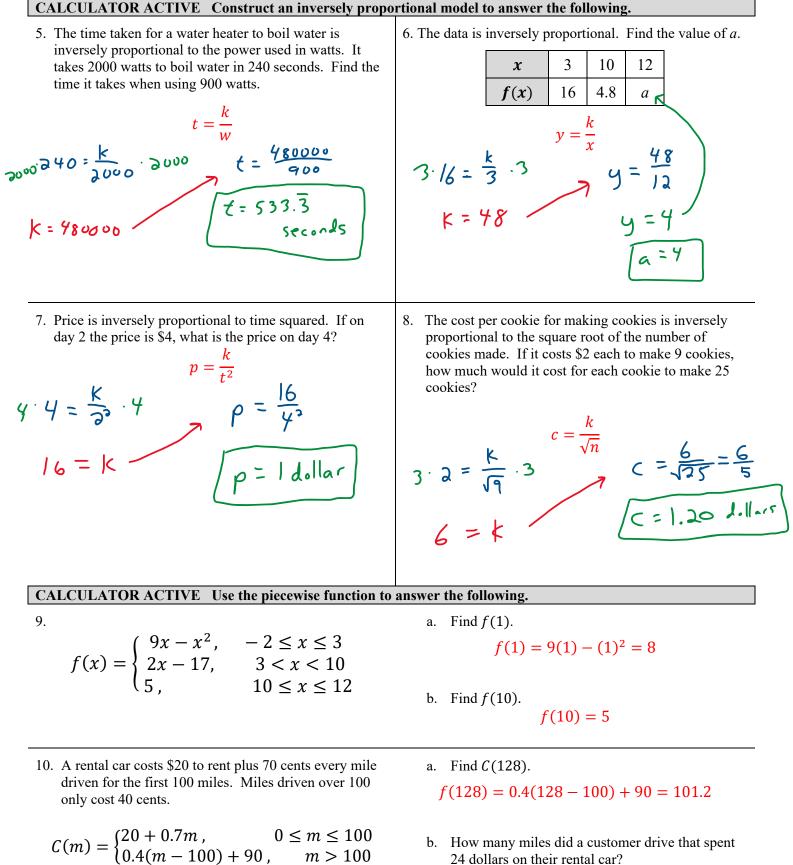
c. Use your equation to find the average rate of change from May to October.

$$g(5) = 33.756 \qquad \frac{33.756 - 39.126}{5 - 10} = \frac{-5.37}{-5} = 1.074$$

increase in rating
every month

© The Algebros from FlippedMath.com

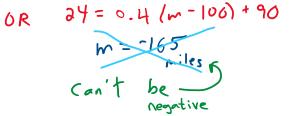
1.14 Practice



a4 = a0 + 0.7m

m = 5.714miles

b. How many miles did a customer drive that spent 24 dollars on their rental car?



© The Algebros from FlippedMath.com

Multiple Choice - Calculator Active

11. The table below shows the average price of a movie ticket during certain years.

τ		4	•/	8	7	
year	2012	2015	2018	2019	2020	2022
price	7.96	8.17	8.97	9.11	9.16	10.12

A linear regression is used to construct a function model *P* that models the price over the given years. If t = 1 corresponds to 2012, t = 4 corresponds to 2015, and this pattern continues, which of the following defines function *P*?

(A)
$$P(t) = 0.206x + 7.541$$

(B) $P(t) = 0.397x + 7.524$
(C) $P(t) = 0.206x + 7.747$

(D)
$$P(t) = 0.206x - 407.07$$

- 12. The weight of an object is inversely proportional to the square of the distance between an object and the center of the earth. This relationship is modeled by the function W, where $W(d) = \frac{2.944 \times 10^9}{d^2}$ for distance, d, measured in feet, and weight where W(d) measured in pounds. What is the average rate of change, in pounds per foot, if the distance between an object and the center of the earth is increased from 8500 feet to 9500 feet?
 - (A) 2944
 W(\$500) = 40.747 32.63 40.747

 (B) \$.127 W(\$500) = 32.63 9500 \$500

 (C) -123.047
 -0.00817
- 13. A membership to World Fitness costs \$75 per month and includes 10 free fitness classes. Any fitness classes attended after the first 10 free fitness classes cost \$5 each. Function *C* is used to model the cost of a monthly membership to World Fitness where *n* is the number of fitness classes taken and C(n) is the cost in dollars. Which of the following defines *C* ?

(A)
$$C(n) = \begin{cases} 75, & 0 \le n \le 10\\ 5n+75, & n > 10 \end{cases}$$

(B)
$$C(n) = \begin{cases} 75, & 0 \le n \le 10\\ 5(n-10) + 75, & n > 10 \end{cases}$$

(C)
$$C(n) = \begin{cases} 75, & 0 \le n \le 10\\ 10(n-5) + 75, & n > 10 \end{cases}$$

(D)
$$C(n) = 5n + 75$$

FREE RESPONSE

Police use a formula to estimate the speed a car was traveling before an accident by measuring its skid marks. Function S is used to model the speed the car was traveling in mph where d is the distance the car skidded in feet and f is the coefficient of friction which depends on the road surface and road conditions.

$$S(d) = \sqrt{30df}$$

a. A country road has a coefficient of friction of 0.9 when it is dry and 0.4 when it is wet. What values of distance skidded would you expect in both conditions for a car that was travelling 110 mph when the brakes were applied?

$110 = \sqrt{30d(0.9)}$	$110 = \sqrt{30d(0.4)}$
d = 448.148 feet	d = 1008.333 feet

b. Analyze the rate of change from a measured 70-foot skid mark to a 160-foot skid mark on the dry country road.

$$\frac{S(70) = \sqrt{30(70)(0.9)}}{S(160) = \sqrt{30(160)(0.9)}} \qquad \frac{\frac{65.727 - 43.474}{160 - 70} = \frac{22.253}{90} = 0.247 \text{ mph per foot of skid mark}}{90}$$

c. The distance of a skid mark is inversely proportional to the product of 30 and the coefficient of friction. Using the 60-foot skid mark on a dry country road, find the constant of proportionality. Explain what it means in this context.

$$d = \frac{k}{30f} \qquad S = \sqrt{30d(0.9)} \\ 60 = \frac{k}{30(0.9)} \qquad S^2 = 30d(0.9) \\ k = 1620 \qquad \frac{S^2}{30(0.9)} = d$$

k	<i>S</i> ²
30(0.9)	- 30(0.9)

k is speed² so the speed is \sqrt{k}