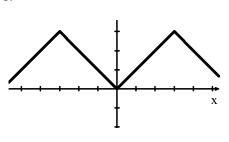
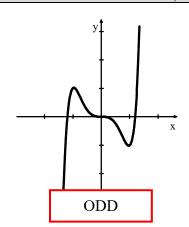
## 1.5B Even and Odd Polynomials

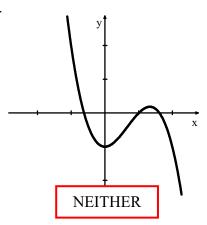
1.5B Practice

State whether the following graphs represent functions that are even, odd, or neither.

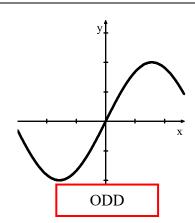


**EVEN** 

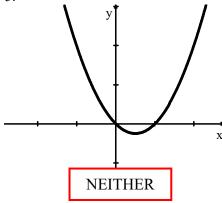




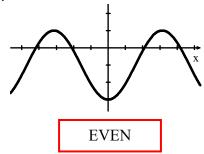
4.



5.



6.



State if the following functions are even, odd, or neither.

7.  $f(x) = x^3 + x$ 8.  $g(x) = x^4 + 3x^2$ 

$$5(-x) = (-x)^{3} + (-x)$$

$$5(-x) = -x^{3} - x = -5(x)$$

$$3(-x) = (-x)^{4} + 3(-x)^{2}$$

$$3(-x) = x^{4} + 3x^{2} = 3(x)$$

$$\Im(-x) = x^{4} + 3x^{2}$$

$$\Im(-x) = (-x)^{4} + 3(-x)^{2}$$

$$\Im(-x) = x^{4} + 3x^{2} = \Im(x)$$

**EVEN** 

9.  $h(x) = -7x^6$ simple form!

**EVEN** 

10.  $w(t) = 8t^5 + 2t$   $w(-t) = 8(-t)^5 + \lambda(-t)$ 11.  $a(w) = 1 - w - w^3$   $a(-w) = 1 - (-w) - (-w)^3$ 

ODD

11. 
$$a(w) = 1 - w - w^3$$

$$\alpha(-w)=1-(-w)-(-w)^{3}$$

**NEITHER** 

12. 
$$f(x) = 2x^{10} + x^6 - 7x^2 - 2$$
  
 $f(-x) = \lambda(-x)^6 + (-x)^6 - 7(-x)^2 - \lambda$ 

$$5(-x) = 2x^{10} + x^{6} - 7x^{2} = 56$$

**EVEN** 

13.  $h(t) = 4t^9$ 

Simple form!

**ODD** 

14. 
$$g(x) = x^2 + x - 3$$

14. 
$$g(x) = x^2 + x - 3$$
  
 $3(-x) = (-x)^2 + (-x)^3 - 3$   
 $3(-x) = x^2 - x - 3$ 

**NEITHER** 

15. 
$$b(x) = -4x^7 + x^3 - x$$

15. 
$$b(x) = -4x^{7} + x^{3} - x$$
  
 $b(-x) = -4(-x)^{7} + (-x)^{3} - (-x)$   
 $b(-x) = 4x^{7} - x^{3} + x = -b(x)$ 

ODD

16. Is 
$$f(x) = 7x^6 - x^4 + 5$$
 even, odd, or neither  $f(-x) = 7(-x)^6 - (-x)^4 + 5$   
 $f(-x) = 7x^6 - x^4 + 5 = f(x)$ 

**EVEN** 

## 1.5B Even and Odd Polynomials

1.5B Test Prep

17. Certain values of g(x) are given in the table below. Given that g(x) is odd, fill in the missing values of the table.

x	g(x)
-5	10.5
7	<b>-22.5</b>
<b>-9</b>	-38.5
-7	22.5
5	<b>-10.5</b>
9	38.5

18. Given that h(x) is continuous on  $-5 \le x \le 5$  and odd, draw the graph h(x) from  $-5 \le x \le 0$ .

