

Name: _____ Date: _____

Unit 1B – Polynomial and Rational Functions**CALCULATOR ACTIVE for questions 1-4.**

1. Use the function to answer the following.

$$f(x) = \frac{2x + 1}{x^2 - 3x - 10}$$

a. Domain:

d. Vertical Asymptote(s):

b. Zero(s):

e. y-intercept:

c. Hole(s):

f. Fill in the tables below.

x	-10,000	-1,000	-100	100	1,000	10,000
$f(x)$						

g. End Behavior:

h. Equation of the horizontal asymptote:
(if one exists)

x	-2.1	-2.01	-2.001	-2	-1.999	-1.99	-1.9
$f(x)$							

i. $\lim_{x \rightarrow -2^-} f(x) =$

j. $\lim_{x \rightarrow -2^+} f(x) =$

2. Find the 3rd term when $(2x - 3)^6$ is expanded.

3. The value of a specific Beanie Baby over time is shown below starting with the year 1995.

Years since 1995	Value \$
0	14
1	12
2	9
3	7.5
5	6
8	8
11	16
14	29
16	41
18	54
20	71

- Is the data Linear, Quadratic, or Cubic ?
- Write the equation of the regression curve.
- Use your equation to predict the value of the Beanie Baby in 1999.

d. Find the average rate of change from 2000 to 2010.

4. F is inversely proportional to the square of r . If $F = 80$ when $r = 5$, find F when $r = 8$.

NO CALCULATOR for questions 5-25.

Vertical Asymptotes and Holes:

5.

$$f(x) = \frac{(x+4)(x-2)}{x^2-2x}$$

a. Domain:

b. Hole(s):

c. Zero(s):

d. Vertical Asymptote(s):

6.

$$d(t) = \frac{t^2-9}{t+3}$$

a. Domain:

b. Hole(s):

c. Zero(s):

d. Vertical Asymptote(s):

7.

$$r(x) = \frac{x^2-x-20}{2x-8}$$

a. Domain:

b. Hole(s):

c. Zero(s):

d. Vertical Asymptote(s):

Horizontal and Slant Asymptotes:

8. $f(x) = \frac{4x^4-3x^3+4x+1}{5x^3-2x^2+1}$

Circle one:

The graph of f has a horizontal asymptote.

The graph of f has a slant asymptote.

The graph of f does not have a horizontal or slant asymptote.

9. $f(x) = \frac{2x^4+x^2+1}{3x^5-2x^2+5x}$

Circle one:

The graph of f has a horizontal asymptote.

The graph of f has a slant asymptote.

The graph of f does not have a horizontal or slant asymptote.

10. $f(x) = \frac{x^3+5x^2+x+2}{3x^3+2x^2-3}$

Circle one:

The graph of f has a horizontal asymptote.

The graph of f has a slant asymptote.

The graph of f does not have a horizontal or slant asymptote.

11. Find the equation of the slant asymptote.

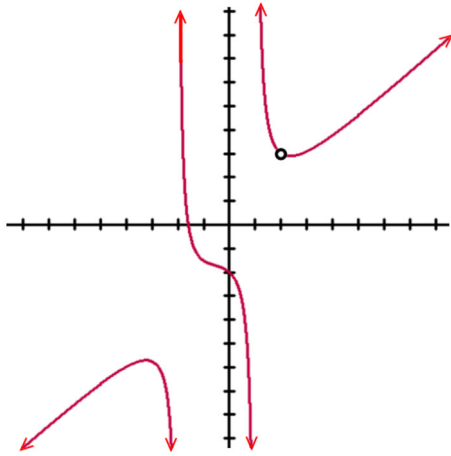
$$f(x) = \frac{4x^3-5x+3}{2x^2+3x}$$

12. Use the function to answer the following.

$$f(x) = \frac{2x(x - 5)}{x^2 - 2x - 15}$$

- | | |
|-------------|---------------------------|
| a. Domain: | d. Vertical Asymptote(s): |
| b. Zero(s): | e. Horizontal Asymptote: |
| c. Hole(s): | f. y-intercept: |

13. Use the function to answer the following.



- | | |
|------------------------------|---|
| a. Domain: | |
| b. Zero(s):
(Approximate) | |
| c. y-intercept: | |
| d. Limit Notation Hole(s): | f. Limit Notation Vertical Asymptote(s): |
| e. End Behavior: | g. Circle the statement that describes the graph: |

The graph of f has a horizontal asymptote.

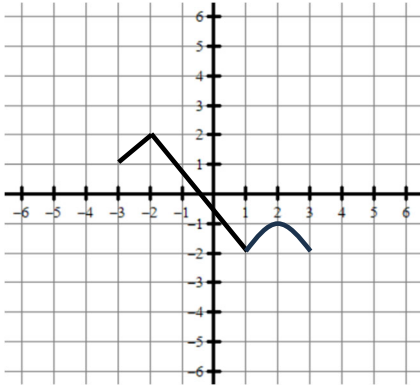
The graph of f has a slant asymptote.

The graph of f does not have a horizontal or slant asymptote.

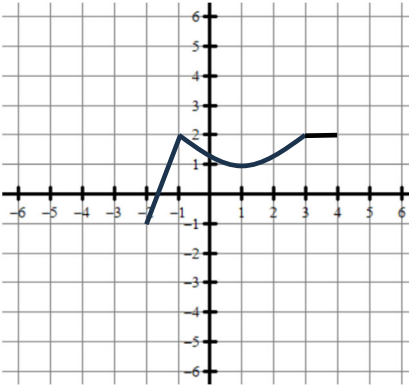
TRANSFORMATIONS

GRAPHICALLY

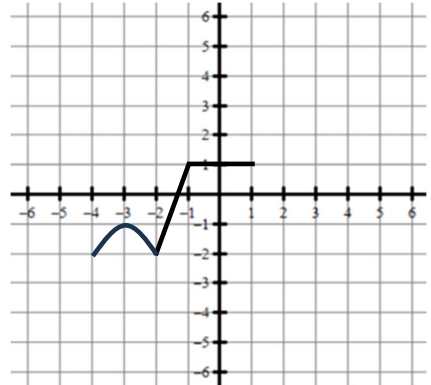
14. $g(x) = f(x - 3) + 4$



15. $g(x) = -f(2x) + 5$



16. $g(x) = 3f(x - 1)$



ALGEBRAICALLY

17. $f(x) = x^2 + 3x - 5$

$g(x) = f(x + 2)$, find $g(x)$.

18. $f(x) = 2x^2 + 4x$

$g(x) = \frac{1}{2}f(x) - 5$, find $g(x)$.

19. $f(x) = 3x + 1$

$g(x) = -f(3x) + 4$, find $g(x)$.

NUMERICALLY

20. Given the table of values for f .

x	$f(x)$
-2	12
-1	18
0	5
1	-12
2	-3

Let $g(x) = f(-2x) + 2$,
find $g(1)$.

21. Given the table of values for f .

x	$f(x)$
0	12
1	9
2	6
3	3
4	0

Let $g(x) = -2f(x - 1) - 3$,
find $g(1)$.

DOMAIN and RANGE

22.

Given the graph for f has a domain of $(-1,3)$ and range of $[-5, 10]$.

$$\text{Let } g(x) = 4f(x + 1).$$

Find the domain and range of $g(x)$.

23.

Given the graph for f has a domain of $[-10,4]$ and range of $[-3,6]$.

$$\text{Let } g(x) = f(2[x - 2]) + 4.$$

Find the domain and range of $g(x)$.

Answers to Unit 1B Corrective Assignment

- | | | | |
|---|------------------------|--|---|
| 1. a. $(-\infty, -2) \cup (-2, 5) \cup (5, \infty)$ | d. $x = -2$ and 5 | g. $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x) = 0$ | i. $\lim_{x \rightarrow -2^-} f(x) = -\infty$ |
| b. $x = -\frac{1}{2}$ | e. $y = -\frac{1}{10}$ | $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} f(x) = 0$ | j. $\lim_{x \rightarrow -2^+} f(x) = \infty$ |
| c. none | f. see below | h. $y = 0$ | |

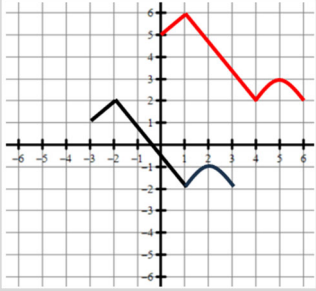

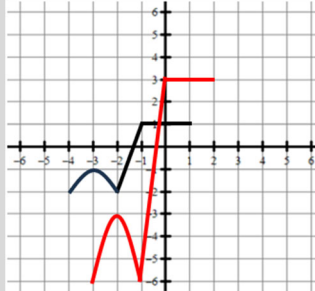
x	-10,000	-1,000	-100	100	1,000	10,000
$f(x)$	-0.0002	-0.002	-0.019	0.021	0.002	0.0002

x	-2.1	-2.01	-2.001	-2	-1.999	-1.99	-1.9
$f(x)$	-4.507	-43.081	-428.79	undefined	428.347	42.632	4.058

2. $2160x^4$	3. a. quadratic b. $f(x) = 0.298x^2 - 3.127x + 14.246$ c. $f(4) = 6.505$ d. 2.833 \$ per year	4. $F = 31.25$	5. a. $(-\infty, 0) \cup (0, 2) \cup (2, \infty)$ b. $x = 2$ c. $x = -4$ d. $x = 0$
6. a. $(-\infty, -3) \cup (-3, \infty)$ b. $t = -3$ c. $t = 3$ d. No Vertical Asymptotes	7. a. $(-\infty, 4) \cup (4, \infty)$ b. No Holes c. $x = -4$ and 5 d. $x = 4$	8. The graph of f has a slant asymptote.	9. The graph of f has a horizontal asymptote.

(answers continued on back)

Answers to Unit 1B Corrective Assignment

<p>10.</p> <p>The graph of f has a horizontal asymptote.</p>	<p>11. $y = 2x - 3$</p>	<p>13.</p> <p>a. $(-\infty, -2) \cup (-2, 1) \cup (1, 2) \cup (2, \infty)$</p> <p>b. $x \approx -1.6$</p> <p>c. $(0, -2)$</p> <p>d. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^-} f(x) = 3$ and $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^+} f(x) = 3$</p> <p>e. $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x) = -\infty$ and $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} f(x) = \infty$</p> <p>f. $\lim_{x \rightarrow -2^-} f(x) = -\infty$ and $\lim_{x \rightarrow -2^+} f(x) = \infty$</p> <p> $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^-} f(x) = -\infty$ and $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} f(x) = \infty$</p> <p>g. The graph of f has a slant asymptote.</p>	
<p>14.</p> 	<p>15.</p> 	<p>16.</p> 	<p>17. $g(x) = x^2 + 7x + 5$</p>
<p>18. $g(x) = x^2 + 2x - 5$</p>	<p>19. $g(x) = -9x + 3$</p>	<p>20. $g(1) = 14$</p>	<p>21. $g(1) = -27$</p>
<p>22. Domain: $(-2, 2)$ Range: $[-20, 40]$</p>		<p>23. Domain: $[-3, 4]$ Range: $[1, 10]$</p>	